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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF BENGAL SHRISTI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of M/s. BENGAL SHRISTI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED ("the Company") which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the possible effect of the matters described in the "Basis of Qualified Opinion" paragraph of our report, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, and total comprehensive income (comprising of Loss and other comprehensive loss), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

• As stated in Note 6 to the standalone financial statements, the Company's non-current investments as at 31st March 2022 include investments aggregating INR 175 lacs in two of its subsidiaries; and non-current loans as at that date include dues from such subsidiaries aggregating INR 46.97 lacs, being considered good and recoverable by the management. However, these subsidiaries have accumulated losses and their consolidated net worth is fully eroded. In the absence of sufficient appropriate evidence, we are unable to comment upon the carrying value of these non-current investments and recoverability of the aforesaid dues and the consequential impact, if any, on the accompanying standalone financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

 We draw attention to note no. 16 of the standalone financial statements which indicate that as on 31st March 2022, the accumulated losses amounting to INR 9459.33 lacs has eroded the net worth of the company indicating the existence of

Head Office: 501 Ashoka House 3A Hare Street Kolkata 700001 WB India p +91 33 2231 7108/9 e saraf@sarafchandra.com w www.sarafchandra.com

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material uncertainty about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. However, these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

- We draw attention to note no. 17 (i) & 20 (i), for Borrowings and Interest Accrued but not due on Borrowings, wherein the total outstanding for INR 36018.12 lacs does not match with the balance confirmation received from the lender M/s SREI Equipment Finance Ltd as on 31st March, 2022. The total outstanding as per the Company is INR 36018.12 lacs as against INR 36105.26 lacs as per the balance confirmation received from the lender, amounting to a difference to the tune of INR 87.14 lacs.
- Attention is drawn to Note no. 13 of the standalone financial statements, regarding the loan to Associate company, Shristi Infrastructure Development Corporation Ltd, having outstanding balance of INR 3,666.26 lacs, where interest income has been booked at year end balances only. The financial impact of the same on the profitability of the company is not ascertainable by us.
- Attention is drawn to note no. 11 & 27 read with note no. 16, wherein, adjustments for prior periods have been done to the tune of INR 1507.35 lacs in Inventories and INR 777.92 lacs in Finance cost respectively in FY 2019-20 & 2020-21 collectively.
- Attention is also drawn to note no. 11, Inventories which includes an amount of INR 279 lacs which is identifiable as obsolete, but, no effect has been given in the books for the same.
- The Company is in the process of reconciliation of certain unidentified balances appearing in receivables and payables. We are unable to ascertain the amount of the same.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the Financial Statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is

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a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

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- a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- d) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Other Matter

Corresponding figures of the Company for the year ended 31st March 2021 have been audited by another auditor who expressed a qualified opinion dated 28th June 2021 on the Standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March 2021. Our opinion on the standalone financial statements is not modified in respect of the above matter.



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Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by 'the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016' ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in term of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure-A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, except IND AS 109, para 5.4 regarding "Amortised Cost Measurement" which specifies Effective Interest Rate method for recognition of financial assets & financial liabilities.
- e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on 31 March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to adequacy of Internal financial controls over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our report in "Annexure –B". Our report expresses a qualified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report under section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the provisions of section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 have generally been complied with.

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- h) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we report as under with respect to other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company does not have long term contracts including derivatives contracts as at 31st March, 2022 for which there are any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31st March 2022.
 - iv. (a) As represented to us by the management, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities (Intermediaries"), with the understanding whether recorded in writing or otherwise that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - b) As represented to us by the management and to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - c) Based on such audit procedures, we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that causes

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us to believe that the above representations under Clause (iv), sub-clause (a) & (b) contain any material mis-statement.

v. Company has not declared any dividend during the year. Accordingly, disclosure relating to compliance with section 123 of the Companies Act 2013 is not applicable.

Chartered Accountants TOLKATA*

Place: Kolkata

Date: 8th day of December, 2022

UDIN: 22052244BFIEPD 9309

For Saraf & Chandra LLP Chartered Accountants LLPIN: AAL - 5216

FRN: 315096E/E300027

CA Subhash Chandra Saraf

(Partner)

Membership No: 052244



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ANNEXURE "A"TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Annexure referred to in paragraph 1 with the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date to the Members of **BENGAL SHRISTI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED** on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022: -

- i) (a) In respect of Property, Plant and Equipment:
 - i) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
 - ii) No intangible assets are held by the Company as per the information shared with us.
 - (b) The company follows a policy of physical verification of fixed assets in a phased manner generally spread over three years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size and nature of operations of the Company. As represented by the management, these were carried out by the management and no material discrepancy was noticed on verification.
 - (c) There are no immoveable property held by the company.
 - (d) As per the information and explanation provided to us, the company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use Assets) or intangible assets during the year.
 - (e) According to the information provided to us no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- ii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year. No material discrepancies were noticed on verification between physical inventory and book records.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rupees five crores in aggregate from banks or financial institutions during any point of time of the year on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the

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requirement to report on clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

iii) (a) During the year the Company has provided loans to Associate company as provided below:

Particulars	Amount (in Lakhs)
Aggregate amount of loan granted during the year	3,564
Balance outstanding at year end (including interest)	3,666.26

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the terms and conditions of loans granted during the year are prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the company.
- (c) According to the information & explanation given to us, the company has specified the repayment schedule for the loan and interest thereon. However, the interest has been applied at year end for the entire year while the principal is being renewed upon falling due.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no overdue amount for more than ninety days in respect of loans given.
- (e) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the loan granted by the company had fallen due for repayment and was renewed by the company in favour of the same borrower during the year. The aggregate amount of loan for INR 8.70 crore has been renewed by the company upon falling due during the year.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted loans repayable on demand or without specifying any terms of repayment to companies.
- iv) According to the information and explanations given to us, Loans, investments, guarantees and security in respect of which provisions of sections 185 and 186 of



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the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable have been generally complied with by the Company.

- v) The Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act for any of the product of the Company.
- vii) (a) According to the information & explanations given to us, in our opinion, the company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods & Services Tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and other statutory dues and there are no amounts outstanding on 31st March, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

The details of arrear statutory dues outstanding as at 31st March 2022 for a period more than six months from the date they became payable has been provided below:

(b) Details of income tax dues which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2022, on account of disputes are given below:

Nature of the statute	Nature of dues	Forum where dispute is pending	Period to which the Amount Relates	Amount (In INR lacs)
The Income Tax	Income tax	CIT Appeals	AY 2010- 2011	395.07
Act, 1961				

- viii) The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments if any under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ix) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender;



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- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority;
- (c) As per the information and explanations provided to us, Term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained;
- (d) On an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company;
- (e) On an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures;
- (f) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies. Hence, the requirement to report on clause (ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- x) (a) The Company has not raised any money during the year by way of initial public offer / further public offer (including debt instruments) hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares /fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year under audit and hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xi) (a) No fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) During the year, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by the secretarial auditor or by us in Form ADT – 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - (c) Based on the information provided to us, there has been no whistle blower complain received by the Company;

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- xii) The company is not classifiable as Nidhi company under the provisions of the Companies Act, and hence the provision of this clause is not applicable for the company;
- xiii) Transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xvi) (a) The company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business;
 - (b) The internal audit reports of the Company issued till the date of the audit report, for the period under audit have been considered by us.
 - xv) The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its director and hence requirement to report on clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi) (a) The provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3 (xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company is not engaged in any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3 (xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) As explained to us, there are no CIC forming part of the Group.
 - xvii) According to information and explanations provided to us, the Company has incurred cash losses to the tune of INR 1022.35 lacs in the current financial year. There were no cash losses in the immediately preceding financial year.
 - xviii) There has been resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and we have taken into consideration the concerns raised by the outgoing auditors.



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- xix) According to information and explanations provided to us and based on the financial ratios disclosed in note 33(12)(xii) to the financial statements, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, due to the erosion of Net Worth of the company and the probable impact of future finance cost to be incurred by the company, material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report.
- Since the Company doesn't satisfy any of the criteria prescribed under Section 135(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 during the immediately preceding financial year, thus there was no requirement for the Company to spend any amount on CSR activities during the year ended March 31, 2022. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xx)(a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For Saraf & Chandra LLP Chartered Accountants LLPIN: AAL - 5216

FRN: 315096E/E300027

Place: Kolkata

Date: 8th day of December, 2022

UDIN: 22052244BFIQPD 9309

(Partner)

Membership No: 052244

CA Subhash Chandra Saraf



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ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF BENGAL SHRISTI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **BENGAL SHRISTI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating

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effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to

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future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

The Company did not have adequate internal financial control over process of compliance of Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments" and accounting thereof. The inadequate internal controls over financial reporting in respect of aforesaid matter has effect on the reported loss of the year.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of matters described in "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph above, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were generally operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

We have considered matters reported in "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph in determining the nature, timing and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the company for March 31, 2022.

Chartered Accountants ACLKATA

Place: Kolkata

Date: 8th day of December, 2022

UDIN: 22052244BFIQPD 9309

For Saraf & Chandra LLP Chartered Accountants LLPIN: AAL - 5216 FRN: 315096E/E300027

CA Subhash Chandra Saraf

(Partner)

Membership No: 052244

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BENGAL SHRISTI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2022

(Rs. in Lakh)

				(Rs. in Lakh
Particulars	Note	As at 31st	As at 31st	As at 31st
ASSETS	No.	March, 2022	March, 2021	March, 2020
ASSETS		1		
1) Non-current assets		1	1	
(a) Property, plant and equipment	4	19.93	19.57	24.23
(b) Investment property	5	261.85	276.90	291.95
(c) Financial assets				
(i) Investments	6	175.00	175.00	175.0
(ii) Other financial assets	8 (i)	82.92	78.20	85.79
(d) Deferred tax assets (net)	9	853.24	851.47	858.4
		1,392.95	1,401.14	1,435.3
2) Current assets				11000000000
(a) Inventories	11	35,241.89	38,999.98	37,766.1
(b) Financial assets	"	55,211.05	30,777.50	377.0012
(i) Investment	6 (i)	767.54	249.99	
(ii) Trade receivables	7	160.65	377.94	320.3
	12	942.71	206.67	128.8
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	1 100		309.87	126.6
(iv) Loans	13	3,936.14		
(v) Other financial assets	8 (îi)	0.99	0.61	0.2
(c) Current Tax Assets (Net)	14	117.25	57.76	29.3
(d) Other Current Assets	10	242.12	456.32	450.3
ALAST MANAGEMENT	1 1	41,409.31	40,659.13	38,803.0
Total Assets EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	1 1	42,802.23	42,060.29	40,238.4
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	1 1			
1) Equity	1.0	198.82	198.82	198.8
(a) Equity Share capital	15			
(b) Other Equity	16	(9,459.33)	(4,076.56)	(3,292.24
Liabilities		(9,200.51)	(3,077.74)	(3,073.4.
2) Non - current liabilities			1	
(a) Financial liabilities		1		
(i) Borrowings	17(i)	27,348.00	27,348.00	27,348.0
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	20(i)	8,670.12	5,132.13	2,138.8
(b) Provisions	18(i)	108.14	102.25	95.1
(b) Provisions	10(1)	36,126.27	32,582.38	29,582.0
3) Current liabilities		30,120.27	52,552.50	LYJOULIO
(a) Financial liabilities			1	
(i) Borrowings	17(ii)	678.24	1,280.98	1,494.2
(ii) Trade payables	19	0/0.24	1,200.70	****
Payable to micro enterprises and small	1 **			
enterprises		23.59	5,92	48.6
Payable to creditors other than micro	1 1		5.72	
enterprises and small enterprises		860.02	1,302.87	1,937.3
(iii) Other financial liabilities	20(ii)	1,157.30	1,849.02	720.2
(b) Other current liabilities	21	13,211.87	8,911.57	9,544.2
(c) Provisions	18(ii)	• 5.46	5.28	5.0
(c) Provisions	10(11)	15,936.48	13,355.64	13,749.7
		13,930.48	13,333,04	13,747.7
Total Equity and Liabilities		42,802.23	42,060.29	40,238.4
Corporate Information	1	-2,002.20		,
Significant accounting policies and estimates	2-3			
Other Disclosure	33			
The accompanying notes 1 to 33 are an integral	3,657	1		
part of the standalone financial statements	1 1			
s per our report of even date attached.	1			

For Saraf & Chandra LLP

Chartered Accountants

LLPIN: AAL-5216

Firm's Registration No. 315096E/F300021

(CA. Subhash Chandra Saraf) Partner

Membership No. 052244

Sahil Surendra Saharia

Chief Executive Officer

Sidharth Burnwal

Company Secretary

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Bengal Shristi Infrastructure Development Limited

Braja Bihari Mohapatra

Director DIN 05235090

> Sunil Jha Director DIN 00085667

Place:Kolkata

Date: 08-12-2022

UDIN: 22052244BF19PD 9309

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Chartered Accountants

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

(Rs. in Lakh)

		Note	Year ended	Year ended
,	Particulars	No.	31st	31st
Ľ	articulais	No.	March, 2022	March, 2021
1.	Revenue from operations	22	6,363.45	4,086.17
II. (Other income	23	390.05	329.51
m.	Total income (I+II)		6,753.50	4,415.68
IV.	Expenses:			
- 1	Direct project expenses	24	2,382.29	1,346.75
	Change in Inventory	25	3,872.58	(1,233.63
	Employee benefits expense	26	803.45	586.06
	inance costs	27	4,342.40	4,056.60
	Depreciation Other expenses	28 29	19.67 710.88	21.35 401.44
	Total expenses (IV)	-	12,131.25	5,178.57
V.	Profit before tax (III-IV)		(5,377.75)	(762.89)
VI.	Fax expense	30		
	Current taxes	1 1		6.73
I	Deferred tax	1 L	-	8.97
				15.70
VII.	Profit for the year (V-VI)		(5,377.75)	(778.59)
VIII.	Other Comprehensive Income	31		
ı	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss	1 1	(6.78)	(7.74)
	Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss	1 1	1.76	2.01
	Technolica to Front of Econ	l L	1170	2.01
7	Total Other Comprehensive Income		(5.02)	(5.73)
IX.	Fotal Comprehensive Income for the year (VII + VIII)	l +	(5,382.77)	(784.31)
	Comprising of profit and other comprehensive income for the year)			
X. E	Carnings per equity share (Nominal value per share 10/-)	32		
	- Basic (')	1	(270.48)	(39.16
	- Diluted (*)	1 1	(270.48)	(39.16)
	Neighted average number of shares used in computing earnings per share		19,88,200	19,88,200
- 1			3.000 (3.000) (3.000 (3.000 (3.000 (3.000 (3.000 (3.000 (3.000 (3.000 (3.000) (3.000 (3.000 (3.000 (3.000 (3.000 (3.000 (3.000 (3.000 (3.000) (3.000 (3.000 (3.000 (3.000 (3.000 (3.000 (3.000 (3.000 (3.000)	
	Corporate Information	1	1	
	Significant accounting policies and estimates	2-3	1	
	Other Disclosure	33	1	
1	The accompanying notes 1 to 33 are an integral	1 1	1	
F	part of the standalone financial statements	20		

As per our report of even date attached.

For Saraf & Chandra LLP

Chartered Accountants

LLPIN: AAL-5216

Firm's Registration No. 315096E/E300027

(CA. Subhash Chandra Saraf)

Partner

Membership No. 052244

Sahil Surendra Saharia

Chief Executive Officer

Sidharth Burnwal

Company Secretary

Braja Bihari Mohapatra

Director DIN 05235090

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Bengal Shristi Infrastructure Development Limited

Sunil Jha Director DIN 00085667

Place of Signature: Kolkata

UDIN: 22052244BF12PD

Chartered

Accountants

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2022	(Rs. in Lakh Year ended 31st March, 2021
A CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Profit before tax	(5,377.75)	(762.89
Adjustments for		
Depreciation	19.67	21.35
Finance costs	4,342.40	4,056.66
Interest Income	(6.67)	(3.4)
Operating profit before working capital changes	(1,022 35)	3,311.6
Movements in Working Capital		
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade payable	(425.19)	(256.11
Increase / (Decrease) in Non-current and current provisions	1.06	(5.15
Decrease / (Increase) in Trade receivables	217.28	(57.55
Increase / (Decrease) in Other current liabilities	5,113.46	(1,305.22
Increase / (Decrease) in Other financial liabilities	2,846.27	3,047.9
(Increase) / Decrease in Other financial assets	(1.22)	(0.36
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Current Assets	214.20	(5.4-
(Increase) / Decrease in inventories	3,758.09	(1,233.8)
Cash generated from operations	10,701.61	3,495.98
Direct taxes paid	(61.26)	(30.44
Net cash generated from operating activities (A)	10,640.34	3,465.54
B CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Additions to Property, plant and equipment	(4.99)	(1.65
Additions to Investment	(517.55)	(249.99
Proceeds from Fixed Deposits	(3.50)	7.95
Loans given		(200.40
Loans given received back	(3,626.27)	(2.31
Interest Received	6.30	3.05
Net cash used in investing activities (B)	(4,146.02)	(443.35
C CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from Long term borrowings.	1 -1	
Repayment of Short term borrowings (net)	(602.73)	(213.2)
Interest paid	(5,155.57)	(2,731.11
Net cash used in financing activities (C)	(5,758.30)	(2,944.38
Net Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	736.02	77.7
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	206.67	128.87
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	942.69	206.67

(Rs. in Lakh) 1) Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year consists of: 31st March, 2022 31st March, 2021 Rs. Rs. Balance with banks on current accounts 183.93 Closing cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flow statement 947.71 206.67

2) The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method "as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS) 7 on Statement of Cash Flows.

Change in liabilities arising from financing activities
 Movement in assets and liabilities arising from financing activities during the year ended Mst March, 2022 are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	Cash flows*	As at 31st March, 2022
a) Non-current borrowings [Refer Note no. 17 (i)]	27,348.00		27,348.00
b) Current borrowings [Refer Note no. 17 (ii)]	1,280.98	(602.73)	678.24
c) Interest accrued but not due on borrowings [Refer Note no. 20(i)]	5.132.13	3,537.99	8,670.12
d) Interest accrued and due on borrowings [Refer Note no. 20 (ii)]	813.17	(813.17)	
Total	34,574.27	2,122.09	36,696.37

*Includes cash flows on account of principal and interest.

Movement in assets and liabilities arising from financing activities during the year ended 31st March, 2021 are as follows:

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	Cash flows*	As at 31st March, 2021
a) Non-current borrowings [Refer Note no. 17]	27,348.00	,	27,348.00
b) Current borrowings [Refer Note no. 17]	1,494.25	(213.27)	1,280.98
c) Interest accrued but not due on borrowings [Refer Note no. 20(i)]	2,138.86	(3.403.70)	5.132.13
c) Interest accrued and due on borrowings [Refer Note no. 20(n)]	140.58	672.59	813.17
Total	31.121.69	(2,944.38)	34,574.27

Includes cash flows on account of both principal and inferest.

4). Figure in brackets represent each outflow from respective activities

The accompanying notes 1 to 33 are an integral part of the standalone financial statements

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Chartered

Accountants

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As per our report of even date attached.

For Saraf & Chandra LLP Chartered Accountants

LLPIN: AAL-5216

Firm's Registration No. 315096F/E300027

(CA. Subhash Chandra Saraf)

Partner

Membership No. 052244

Place of Signature: Kolkata Date: 08-12-2022

VDIN: -220 522 4410 PD 9309

Sahil Surendra Saharia Chief Executive Officer

Sidlearother Sidharth Burnwal Company Secretary

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Bengal Shristi Infrastructure Development Limited

> Bru Braja Bihari Mohapatra

Director DIN 05235090

Sunil Jha Director DIN 00085667

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

(a) Equity Share Capital

Particulars

Balance as at beginning of the year

Balance as at beginning of the year

The year ended 31st March, 2021

For the year ended 31st March, 2022

(Rs. in Lakh)

Balance at the end of the year

the year

198.82

198.82

198.82

(b) Other Equity				(Rs. in Lakh)
Particulars	Reserves an	d surplus	Other Comprehensive Income	Total
	General reserve	Retained earnings	Re-measurement of defined benefit plan	
Balance as at 1st April, 2021		(4,076.57)		(4,076.57)
Changes in equity during the year ended 31st March, 2021			1	
Profit for the year		(5,377.75)	-	(5,377.75)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	-	***************************************	(5.02)	(5.02)
Total Comprehensive income for the year		(5,377.75)	(5.02)	(5,382,77)
Transfer to retained earnings	-	(5.02)	5.02	
Balance as at 31st March, 2022		(9,459,34)		(9,459.34)
Balance as at 1st April, 2020		(3,292.24)	-	(3,292.24)
Changes in equity during the year ended 31st March, 2020	1			
Profit for the year	-	(778.59)		(778.59)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		lar-strategy and	(5.73)	(5.73)
Total Comprehensive income for the year		(778.59)	(5.73)	(784.32)
Transfer to retained earnings	*	(5.73)	5.73	
Balance as at 31st March, 2021		(4,076.57)	-	(4,076.56)

The accompanying notes 1 to 33 are an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

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Chartered

As per our report of even date attached.

For Saraf & Chandra LLP

Chartered Accountants

LLPIN: AAL-5216

Firm's Registration No. 315096E/E300027

(CA. Subhash Chandra Saraf)

Partner

Membership No. 052244 Place of Signature: Kolkata

Date: 08-12-2022

Sahie leby

Sahil Surendra Saharia Chief Executive Officer S. Llowth

Sidharth Burnwal Company Secretary For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Bengal Shristi Infrastructure Development Limited

Braja Bihari Mohapatra

Director DIN 05235090 Sunil Jha Director DIN 00085667

UDIN: - 220822 00 18 PD 9309

Note forming part of the Standalone financial statements

Note 1 Corporate information

Bengal Shristi Infrastructure Development Limited ("the Company") is a public limited entity incorporated in India and is engaged in the business of real estate development

Its registered office is situated at Administration Block No. 1, City Centre, Durgapur-713216, West Bengal (India). The financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2022 were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 08th December, 2022 and are subject to the adoption by the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

Note 2 Significant accounting policies

Statement of Compliance with Ind AS

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment)

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention, except for certain items that are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration in exchange for goods and services.

Fair Value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

All amount disclosed in the financial statements including notes thereon have been rounded off to the nearest rupees in lakh as per the requirement of Schedule III to the Act, unless stated otherwise.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period; they are recognized in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Operating Cycle

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 and Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements. The Company's normal operating cycle in respect of operations relating to the construction and development of real estate projects may vary from project to project depending upon the size of the project, type of construction/development, project complexities and related approvals.

Property, plant and equipment (PPE) and Depreciation

- a) Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. For this purpose, cost includes deemed cost which represents the carrying value of PPE recognized as at 1st April, 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP.
- b) Cost is inclusive of inward freight, non-refundable taxes and duties and directly attributable costs of bringing an asset to the location and condition of its intended use. All upgradation / enhancements are charged off as revenue expenditure unless they bring similar significant additional benefits.

The cost and related accumulated depreciation are derecognized from the financial statements upon sale or retirement of the asset and the resultant gains or losses are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

c) Depreciation of these assets commences when the assets are ready for their intended use. Depreciation on items of PPE is provided on a Straight Line Method ('SLM') basis to allocate their cost, net of their residual value over the estimated useful life of the respective asset as specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act. 2013.

The estimated useful lives of PPE of the Company are as follows:

Plant and equipment - 15 years Furniture and fixtures - 10 years - 5 years Office equipment

- 3 years

The estimated useful lives, residual values and method of depreciation are reviewed at each Balance sheet date and changes, if any, are treated as changes in accounting estimate

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Note forming part of the Standalone financial statements (contd.)

Note 2 Significant accounting policies (contd.)

2.6 Investment Property:

An investment in land and/or buildings, which is not intended to be occupied substantially for use by, or in the operations of, the company, is classified as investment property. Investment properties are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any.

For this purpose, cost includes deemed cost which represents the carrying value of Investment Property recognized as at 1st April, 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP.

The cost and related accumulated depreciation are derecognized from the financial statements upon sale or retirement of the asset and the resultant gains or losses are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Depreciation of these assets commences when the assets are ready for their intended use. Depreciation on building component of investment property is The estimated useful lives of Investment Property of the Company is 60 years.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and method of depreciation are reviewed at each Balance sheet date and are and changes, if any, are treated as changes in accounting estimate.

2.7 Impairment of Assets

Property, plant and equipment are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset

In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicator.

If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the impairment loss previously recognized is reversed such that the asset is recognized at its recoverable amount but not exceeding written down value which would have been reported if the impairment loss had not been recognized.

2.8 Inventories

Finished Premises and Construction Work in Progress: Finished Premises and Construction Work in Progress are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs include all expenditures directly relating to construction activity and all indirect expenditures attributable to such construction activity.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated cost of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Building materials purchased specifically for the project are taken as consumed as and when received.

2.9 Revenue recognition

With effect from 1st April, 2018, the Company has adopted Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised goods or services to customers at an amount to which the entity expects to be entitled following a five-step model in accordance with Ind AS 115. Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer, and is reduced for volume discounts, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from Operations:

Revenue from sale of apartments and car parking is recognized at the point in time under completed contract method as per which income will be recognized as and when each phase of the project gets completed or substantially completed and control in property is passed to the buyer.

Other Income

Rental income

Lease income is recognized in the statement of profit and loss on straight line basis over the lease term. Revenue from lease rentals is disclosed net of indirect taxes, if any.

Service income

Revenue in respect of maintenance services is recognized on an accrual basis, in accordance with the terms of the respective contract.

Interest income

Interest income is recorded on accrual basis using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive the dividend is established.

All other incomes are accounted for on accrual basis.

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Note forming part of the Standalone financial statements (contd.)

Note 2 Significant accounting policies (Contd.)

Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

- a) Provisions are recognized only when there is a present obligation, as a result of past events and when a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.
- b) Contingent liability is disclosed for possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made
- c) Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed except when realization of income is virtually certain, related asset is disclosed.
- d) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

Employee benefits

a) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits in respect of salaries and wages, including non-monetary benefits are recognized as an expense at the undiscounted amount in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year in which the related service is rendered.

b) Defined contribution plans

Company's Contributions to Provident are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year when the contributions to the respective funds are due.

c) Defined benefit plans

Gratuity is in the nature of a defined benefit plan. The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit obligation is calculated on the basis of actuarial valuations carried out at reporting date by independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. Service costs and net interest expense or income is reflected in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Gain or Loss on account of remeasurements are recognized immediately through other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur.

d) Other employee benefits

The employees of the Company are entitled to compensated leave which is recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss account as and when they accrue: The liability is calculated based on actuarial valuation using projected unit credit method. These benefits are unfunded.

2.12 Investments in equity instruments of subsidiaries

Investment in an subsidiary is carried at cost. Cost is the carrying amount under the previous GAAP as at the transition date i.e. 1st April, 2016.

2.13 Financial instruments, Financial assets, Financial liabilities and Equity instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the relevant instrument and are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value on initial recognition of financial assets or financial liabilities.

Financial Assets

(a) Recognition

Financial assets include Investments, Trade receivables, Advances, Security Deposits, Cash and cash equivalents. Bank balances, etc. Such assets are initially recognized at transaction price when the Company becomes party to contractual obligations. The transaction price includes transaction costs unless the asset is being fair valued through the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Management determines the classification of an asset at initial recognition depending on the purpose for which the assets were acquired. The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on such classification.

Financial assets are classified as those measured at:

- (1) amortized cost, where the financial assets are held solely for collection of cash flows arising from payments of principal and/or interest.
- (2) fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTCX:1), where the financial assets are held not only for collection of cash flows arising from payments of principal and interest but also from the sale of such assets. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value being recognized in other comprehensive income.
- (3) fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), where the assets does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value being recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

Trade receivables, Advances, Security Deposits, Cash and cash equivalents, Bank balances etc. are classified for measurement at amortized cost while investments may fall under any of the aforesaid classes. However, in respect of particular investments in equity instruments that would otherwise be measured at fair value through profit or loss, an irrevocable election at initial recognition may be made to present subsequent changes in fair value through other comprehensive income.

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Note forming part of the Standalone financial statements (contd.)

Note 2 Significant accounting policies (Contd.)

(c) Impairment

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether a financial asset (or a group of financial assets) such as investments, trade receivables, advances and security deposits held at amortized cost and financial assets that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are tested for impairment based on evidence or information that is available without undue cost or effort. Expected credit losses are assessed and loss allowances recognized if the credit quality of the financial asset has deteriorated significantly since initial recognition.

(d) Reclassification

When and only when the business model is changed, the Company shall reclassify all affected financial assets prospectively from the reclassification date as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, fair value through profit or loss without restating the previously recognized gains, losses or interest and in terms of the reclassification principles laid down in the Ind AS relating to Financial Instruments.

(e) De-recognition

Financial assets are derecognized when the right to receive cash flows from the assets has expired, or has been transferred, and the Company has transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership. If the asset is one that is measured at:

(i) amortized cost, the gain or loss is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss;

(ii) fair value through other comprehensive income, the cumulative fair value adjustments previously taken to reserves are reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the asset represents an equity investment in which case the cumulative fair value adjustments previously taken to reserves is reclassified within equity.

Financial liabilities ii)

Borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities are initially recognized at the value of the respective contractual obligations. They are Financial liabilities are derecognized when the liability is extinguished, that is, when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled and on expiry.

iii) Equity instruments

Equity instruments are recognized at the value of the proceeds, net of direct costs of the capital issue.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is included in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Dividend distribution v)

Dividends paid (including income tax thereon) is recognized in the period in which the interim dividends are approved by the Board of Directors, or in respect of the final dividend when approved by shareholders.

Fair value measurement vi)

Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. Under Ind AS, fair valuation of financial instruments is guided by Ind AS 113 "Fair Value Measurement" (Ind AS - 113).

For some assets and liabilities, observable market transactions or market information might be available. For other assets and habilities, observable market transactions and market information might not be available. However, the objective of a fair value measurement in both cases is the same - to estimate the price at which an orderly transaction to sell the asset or to transfer the liability would take place between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions.

In determining the fair value of financial instruments, the Company uses a variety of methods and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at each balance sheet date.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

2.14

Taxes on income comprises of current taxes and deferred taxes. Current tax in the Statement of Profit and Loss is provided as the amount of tax payable in respect of taxable income for the period using tax rates and tax laws enacted during the period, together with any adjustment to tax payable in respect of

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the amounts used for taxation purposes (tax base), at the tax rates and tax laws enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

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Note forming part of the Standalone financial statements (contd.)

Note 2 Significant accounting policies (Contd.)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized.

Income tax, in so far as it relates to items disclosed under other comprehensive income or equity, are disclosed separately under other comprehensive income or equity, as applicable.

2.15 Earnings per Share

- a) Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted-average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.
- b) For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

The number of equity shares and potential dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any share split and bonus shares issues including for changes effected prior to the approval of the financial statements by the Board of Directors.

2.16 Operating Segment

The Company is engaged in development of real estate projects in India. Based on its internal organization and management structure, the Company operates in only one business segment i.e. real estate development and in only one geographic segment i.e. India. Accordingly there are no separate

Foreign Currency Transactions

The functional and presentation currency of the Company is Indian Rupee.

Transactions in foreign currency are accounted for at the exchange rate prevailing on the transaction date. Gains/ losses arising on settlement as also on translation of monetary items are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit/loss before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing flows The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

Note 3 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting period end. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment: (i)

The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

Estimation of Defined benefit obligations

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each financial year end.

The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. In determining the appropriate discount rate for plans, the actuary considers the interest rates

The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality tables. Those mortality tables tend to change only at interval in response to demographic changes. Future salary increases and gratuity increases are based on expected tuture inflation rates.

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Note forming part of the Standalone financial statements (contd.)

Note 3 Use of estimates and judgements (Contd.)

(iii) Impairment of investments

The Company reviews its carrying value of investments carried at cost/amortized cost annually, or more frequently when there is indication for impairment. It the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is accounted for.

(iv) Fair value measurement

When the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

(v) Provisions and contingent liabilities

The Company has ongoing litigations with various regulatory authorities and third parties. Where an outflow of funds is believed to be probable and a reliable estimate of the outcome of the dispute can be made based on management's assessment of specific circumstances of each dispute and relevant external advice, management provides for its best estimate of the liability. Such accruals are by nature complex and can take number of years to resolve and can involve estimation uncertainty. Information about such litigations is provided in notes to the financial statements.



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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No.: 4 Property, plant and equipment As at 31st March, 2022

(Rs. in Lakh)

		Gross Block	lock	*		Accumula	Accumulated Depreciation	u	Amount
Description of Assets	Gross Carrying Amount 1st April, 2021	Additions during the Year	Sales/ Adjustment	Gross Carrying Amount 31 st Mar, 2022	As at 1st April, 2021	For the year	Sales/ Adjustment	As at 31 st Mar, 2022	As at 31 st Mar, 2022
Plant and equipment	7.24	0.00	3.5	7.25	3.28	0.30		3.58	3.66
Furniture & Fixtures	22.39	0.81		23.20	18.80	0.22	747	19.02	4.18
Computers	25.51	3.28	3.9	28.79	15.40	3.63	5	19.03	9.76
Office Equipment	95.9	0.88	,	7.44	4.65	0.47	. 1	5.12	2.32
Total	61.70	4.98		89:99	42.13	4.62		46.75	19.93

As at 31st March 2021									(Rs. in Lakh)	
									Net Carrying	
		Gross Block	lock			Accumula	Accumulated Depreciation	uı	Amount	
Description of Assets	Gross Carrying Amount	Additions	Sales/	Gross Carrying Amount	As at	For	Sales/	As at	As at	
	1st April,	during the	Adjustment	31st March	1st April,	the year	Adjustment	31st March,	31st March,	
	2020	year	8	2021	2020			2021	2021	
									000	
Plant and equipment	7.24	1	1	7.24	2.86	0.42	1.	3,28	3.97	
Furniture & Fixtures	21.65	0.74	i.	22.39	17.07	1.73	il.	18.80	3.59	
Computers	24.97	0.54	(4	25.51	11.80	3.60		15.40	10.11	
Office Equipment	6.19	0.37		6.56	4.09	0.56	d.	4.65	1.91	
Accountants	60.05	1.65	,	61.70	35.82	6.31		42.13	19.57	

(Rs. in Lakh)

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No.: 5- Investment Property

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars	Car park plaza	Total
Gross block		
Gross Carrying Amount as at 31.03.2021	352.14	352.14
Gross Carrying Amount as at 31.03.2022	352.14	352.14
Depreciation/amortisation/impairment		
Opening accumulated depreciation / amortisation as on		
01.04.2021	75.24	75.24
Depreciation/ amortisation for the year	15.05	15.05
Closing accumulated depreciation /amortisation/ impairment		
as at 31.03.2022	90.29	90.29
Net carrying amount		Ψ.
Net block as at 31.03.2022	261.85	261.85
Net block as at 31.03.2021	276.90	276.90

Notes:

- 1. The company has not received any income in relation to the above investment in property.
- 2. The company has not obtained fair valuation of Investment Property by an independent valuer



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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No.:6

Non - current investments

							(Rs. in Lakh)
Particulars	ulars		Face	Number of	As at 31st	Number of	As at 31st
			value (Rs.)	Shares	March, 2022	Shares	March, 2021
Equ	Equity instruments						
C	Carried at deemed cost Fully paid up:						
	Unquoted Subsidiary Companies		•				
	Shristi Lifestyle & Entertainment Ltd.		10	2,50,000	25.00	2,50,000	25.00
	Durgapur Cineplex Ltd.		10	15,00,000	150.00	15,00,000	150.00
	Total				175.00		175.00
	Aggregate amount of unquoted investments Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments				175.00		175.00
Note !	Note No.:6(i) Current investments						
	Particulars	Number of Units	As at 31st March, 2022	Number of Units	Number of Units 2021		
	Short term, highly liquid investment in mutual fund (Measured at FVTPL) Nippon India Mutual Fund	14738.44	767.54	4978.71	249.99		
	Aggregate amount of quoted investments		767.54		249.99	CHAN	
	Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments		,			26	

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No.: 9 Deferred tax liabilities (net)

As at 31st March, 2022					(Rs. in Lakh)
Particulars	Opening Balance	Recognized in profit or loss	Reclassified from equity to profit or loss	Recognized in other comprehensive income	Closing Balance
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets					
Property, Plant and Equipment	2.83		**	21	2.83
Employee Benefits	27.95		2	1.76	29.72
MAT credit entitlement	113.15		₽	#	113.15
Carry forward Losses	707.54		-		707.54
Net deferred tax asset / expense	851.48	0.50	-	1.76	853.24

Particulars	Opening	Recognized in	Reclassified	Recognized in	Closing
	Balance	profit or loss	from equity to	other	Balance
			profit or loss	comprehensive	
				income	
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets					
Property, Plant and Equipment	2.67	0.15	*	*	2.83
Employee Benefits	26.42	(0.48)	8	2.01	27.95
MAT credit entitlement	106,42	6.73	20	2	113.15
Carry forward Losses	722.91	(15.37)		<u>=</u> <u>=</u>	707.54
Net deferred tax asset / expense	858.43	(8.97)		2.01	851.47

Notes:

(i) Deferred Tax Assets for the current financial year has not been recognised considering the non-existence of probable future profits against which the company can use the benefits thereof.



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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No: 7 Trade receivables (Carried at amortized cost)

(Rs. in Lakh)

	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 1st March, 2020
	Current Unsecured, considered good Less: Expected Credit Loss (Refer to Note :for details	294.89 (134.24)	377.94	320.38
_	Total	160.65	377.94	320.38

Trade receivable ageing schedule as at 31st March 2022

Particulars		Outstanding fo	or a period of fo	ollowing days		
	Less Than 6 months	6 months-1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Undisputed -Considered Good	52.36	17.12	45.00	11.16	169.26	294.89

Trade receivable ageing schedule as at 31st March 2021

		Outstanding fo	or a period of fo	llowing days		
Particulars	Less Than 6 months	6 months-1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Undisputed Considered Good	67.11	21.94	57.67	14.30	216.92	377.94

Note No: 8 Other financial Assets (Carried at amortized cost)

(I) Non -current (Unsecured, considered good)

(Rs. in Lakh)

	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 1st March, 2020
	Fixed deposits with banks (more than 12 months maturity)* Security Deposits	61.73 21.19	58.23 19.97	66.18 19.61
\vdash	Total	82.92	78.20	85.79

* Receipts lodged with Banks/Government authorities as security against bank guarantee for the suppl

(ii) Current (Unsecured, considered good)

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 1st March, 2020
Interest accrued but not due: Interest accrued on fixed deposits	0.99	0.61	0.23
Total	0.99	0.61	0.23

Chartered Accountants

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Note to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd.)

Note No: 10 Other Assets

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Current (Unsecured, considered good)			
Advance to Suppliers and other	288.16	224.44	236
Less: Expected Credit Loss (Refer to Note :for details	(74.32)		
*	213.84	224.44	235.82
Others			
GST and other Taxes/duties	26.33	230.08	213
Advance to Employees	1.74	1.81	1.26
Prepaid Expenses	0.22	-	0.40
Total	242.12	456.32	450.33

Note No: 11 Inventories (Valued at lower cost and net realisable value)

(Rs. in Lakh)

	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 1st March, 2020
	Construction Work In Progress#	27,385.52	33,590.28	32,394.49
	Finished Premises	7,514.86	5,182.87	5,144.85
	Raw Material	138.49	-	
	Development rights*	203.01	226.83	226,83
_	Total	35,241.89	38,999.98	37,766.17

Includes interest inventorised during the year Rs. 4177.60 Lakhs (31st March 2021: Rs. 2812.39 Lakhs)

*"Development Rights" represents unamortised amount of the said rights, acquired by the Company against share capital contribution of Asansol Durgapur Development Authority (ADDA) for which the Company has not received possession, constructive or otherwise, of the respective land area and the relevant agreements have also expired on or before 04th July, 2011. The Company did not amortise the development rights on the ground that the construction work was not carried on the specified land during the period of agreement. Management is in discussion with the above authority which has committed to resolve the matter.

Note No: 12 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st	As at 31st
	March, 2022	March, 2021	March, 2020
On current accounts Cash on Hand	910.93	183.93	111.19
	31.78	22.73	17.68
Total	942.71	206.67	128.87

Note No: 13 Loans- Current

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Unsecured, considered good a) Loan to Related Party Loans to Join Venture (Associate)	3,666.26	÷	-
Loans to Subsidiaries	46.97	55.97	
	3,713.23	55.97	-
b) Loan to Other	222.92	253.90	107.71
Total	3,936.14	309.87	107.71

Note No: 14 Current tax Assets (net)

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st	As at 31st
	March, 2022	March, 2021	March, 2020
Advance tax	144.33	84.84	72.15
Less: Provision for Taxation	27.08	27.08	42.81
Total	117.25	57.76	29.34



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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No.: 15 Equity Share Capital

	Particulars	As at 31st Ma	As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2021		As at 31st March, 2020	
		No. of shares	(Rs. In Lakh)	No. of shares	(Rs. In Lakh)	No. of shares	(Rs. In Lakh	
(a)	Authorised							
	Equity shares of par value Rs. 10/- each	50,00,000	500.00	50,00,000	500.00	50,00,000	500.00	
		50,00,000	500.00	50,00,000.00	500.00	50,00,000.00	500.00	
(b)	Issued, subscribed and fully paid up Equity shares of par value Rs. 10/- each	19,88,200	198.82	19,88,200	198.82	19,88,200	198.82	
		19,88,200	198.82	19,88,200.00	198.82	19,88,200.00	198.82	

(c) Reconciliation of number and amount of equity shares outstanding.

Particulars	As at 31st Ma	As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2021		As at 31st March, 2020	
	No. of shares	(Rs. In Lakh)	No. of shares	(Rs. In Lakh)	No. of shares	(Rs. In Lakh)	
At the beginning of the year	19,88,200	198.82	19,88,200	198.82	19,88,200	199	
At the end of the year	19,88,200	198.82	19,88,200	198.82	19,88,200	199	

- The Company has only one class of equity shares. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The holders of equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share.
- (e) In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential dues. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Shareholders holding more than 5 % of the equity shares in the Company :

Name of the shareholder	As at 31st M	As at 31st March, 2022		arch, 2021	As at 1st April, 2020	
	No. of shares held	% of holding	No. of shares held	% of holding	No. of	% of holding
Shristi Infrastructure Development	9,89,800.00	49.78%	9,89,800.00	49.78%	9,89,800	49.78%
Corporation Limited Asansol Durgapur Development Authority	9,89,800.00	49.78%	9,89,800.00	49.78%	9,89,700	49.78%

Details of Promoters Shareholding as at 31st March 2022

Name of the Promoters	As at 31st M	As at 31st March, 2022		arch, 2021	% Changes during the year	
	No. of shares held	% of holding	No. of shares held	% of holding		
Shristi Infrastructure Development	9,89,800	49.78%	9,89,800	49.78%		-
Corporation Limited Asansol Durgapur Development Authority	9,89,700	49.78%	9,89,700	49.78%		

There is no variation in the promoters shareholding over the previous year.

Note No.: 16 Other Equity

(Rs. In Lakh)

	Particulars	As at 31st March,	2022	As at 31st Marc	h, 2021	As at 31st Ma	rch, 2020
(a)	Retained earnings						
	Balance as per last account	(4.076.56)	- 1	(3,292.24)	- 1	(2,547.73)	
	Prior Period Finance Cost (Refer Note 3 below)				1	(125.02)	
	Prior Period Inventory Adj (Refer Note 4 below)		1		- 1	(1,354.23)	
	Add: Net Profit for the year	(5,377.75)		(778.59)	- 1	735.80	
	Add: Transfer from other comprehensive income	(5.02)		(5.73)		(1.05)	
	Closing balance		(9,459.33)		(4,076.56)		(3,292.24
(b)	Other Comprehensive Income				- 1		
	Balance as per last account	81			- 1		
	Add: Other comprehensive income for the year	(5.02)	1	(5.73)	1	(1.05)	
	Less: Transfer to retained earnings	(5.02)		(5.73)		(1.05)	
	Closing balance	5					
	Total		(9,459.33)		(4,076.56)		(3,292.24)

Retained earnings represents the undistributed profit / amount of accumulated earnings of the Company. 1.

Other comprehensive income comprises actuarial gains and losses on remeasurement of defined benefit obligation which are immediately transferred to

Prior period inventory adjustment represents excess valuation of inventories considered in the accounts for the period upto 31st March 2021 due to nonallocation of infrastructure cost on inventories sold in earlier years.

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No: 17 Borrowings (Carried at amortized cost)

Total

Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st	As at 31st
ratticulais	March, 2022	March, 2021	March, 2020
Term Loans- Secured			
From Financial Institution	27,348.00	27,348.00	27,348.0
Nature of securities and terms of repayment:			
Term loan of Rs. 27,348 Lakhs (31st March, 2022: Rs. 27,348 Lakhs) carries interest @12.00% (31 March, 2021: 12.00%) compounded quarterly and is secured by way of a first charge on all the all assets of the company. The above loans are repayable in 6 equal half yearly installments commencing from 3rd April, 2029.			
Total	27.249.00	27.240.00	27.248.0
10tai	27,348.00	27,348.00	27,348.0
Current			(Rs. in Lak
Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st	As at 31st
Tankulais	March, 2022	March, 2021	March, 2020
Unsecured - Loans repayable on demand			
- from a body corporate	204.28	700.00	902.0
- from related parties	473.97	580.98	592.2
Total	678.24	1,280.98	1,494.2
o: 18 Provisions			
Non - current			(Rs. in Lak
Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st	As at 31st
	March, 2022	March, 2021	March, 2020
Provision for employee benefits (Refer Note 33(5))			
Gratuity	66.98	63.04	59.0
Leave Encashment	41.17	39.19	36.1
Total	108.14	102.24	95.1
Current		(Rs. in Lakh)	
1	As at 31st	As at 31st	As at 31st
Particulars .	March, 2022	March, 2021	March, 2020
Provision for employee benefits (Refer Note 33(6))			1
Gratuity	3.44	3.32	3.1
Leave Encashment	2.02	1.96	1.8



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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No: 19 Trade Payables (Carried at amortized cost)

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st	As at 31st
	March, 2022	March, 2021	March, 2020
Current Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	23.59	5.92	48.67
	860.02	1,302.87	1.937.37
tal outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprise Total	883.61	1,308.79	1,986.04

Notes:

- Principal amount due as on 31st March, 2022: Rs. 23.59 Lakhs (31st March, 2021: Rs. 5.92 Lakhs) and interest due thereon as on 31st March, 2022: Nil (31st March, 2021: Nil). The company has not paid/provided for interest payable on delay in making payments to
- Interest paid in terms of Section 16 of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 along with payment made beyond the due date Nil (Nil).
- Amount of interest due and payable for delay in making payment without considering the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 Nil (Nil).
- 4) Interest accrued and remaining unpaid as on 31st March, 2022: Nil (31st March, 2021: Nil).
- Amount of further interest remaining due and payable from prior years(s) Nil (Nil).

Trade Payable Aging Schedule as at 31st March 2022

				of payment	Total
Not due	less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	more than 3 years	
	22.72 604.06	13.51	37.53	0.87 204.92	23.59 860.02
	ot due	1 year 22.72	1 year 1-2 years 22.72 -	1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years 22.72	1-2 years 2-3 years years

Trade Payables ageing schedule as at 31st March 2021

Particulars		Outstanding				
	Not due	less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	more than 3 years	Total
(i)MSME (ii)Others (iii)Disputed Dues-MSME (iv)Disputed Dues-MSME		5.92 915.11	20.47	56.86	310.43	5.92 1,302.87

Note No: 20 Other Financial Liabilities (Carried at amortized cost)

(i) Non - Current

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars .	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Interest accrued but not due on Borrowings*	8,670.12	5,132.13	2,138.86
Total	8,670.12	5,132.13	2,138.86

(Rs. in Lakh) (ii) Current

Current				
Particulars		As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
		March, 2022	813.17 28.59 546.80 421.12 39.34	Water, 2020
Interest accrued and due on			042.47	110.50
Borrowings		*	813.17	140.58
Other Payables				
Accrued expenses		76.92	28.59	20,79
Security Deposits*		565.79	546.80	535.39
Retention Money		459.79	421.12	
Unpaid salaries and other				
payroll dues	х.	49.99	39.34	23.53
Others		4.81	-	
Total		1,157.30	1,849.02	720.29

*Security deposits include corpus deposits received Rs. 323.43 Lakhs (31 March 2021: Rs. 293.79 Lakhs) from customers on sale of commercial/residential space as maintenance deposit which is lying at credit in the books pending transfer to the respective maintenance companies/associations formed/to be formed for the purpose of common area maintenance.

Note No: 21 Other current liabilities

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Advance from customers	13,156.86	8,822.96	9,416.73
Others		-	ž.
Statutory Dues	55.00	88.62	127.47
Total	13,211.87	8,911.57	9,544.20

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No: 22 Revenue from operations

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2022	Year ended 31st March, 2021
Revenue from real estate projects Other operating revenues	6,285.78	4,042.88
-Transfer fee/cancellation fee	77.67	43.29
Total	6,363.45	4,086.17

Note No: 23 Other Income

(Rs. in Lakh)

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Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	
	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021	
Interest Income			
- Fixed deposits with bank	6.67	3.43	
- Interest On Loan	206.61	3.62	
Rent Income	118.29	199,93	
Maintenance charges	44.52	23.62	
Net Gain of Fair Value Changes	8.93		
Other Miscellaneous Income	5.04	95.12	
Interest on Income Tax Refund		3.80	
Total	390.05	329.51	

Note No: 24 Direct Project Expenses

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars ,	Year ended	Year ended
	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
Construction Material	986.33	444.04
Payment to Contractor	1,009.24	770.86
Ineligble Input Tax Credit Reversal	178.93	
Insurance premium	7.10	9.4
Sanction fees	18.94	b.35
Landscaping expenses	0.06	1.51
Maintenance and Upkeep charges	64.82	30.67
Security services	93.06	83.99
Amortisation of Development Rights	23.82	
Total	2,382.29	1,346.75

Note No: 25 Changes in inventories of Finished goods and Construction Work in progress

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2022	Year ended 31st March, 2021
Finished Permises	-	
Opening Stock	120	
Less: Closing Stock	7,514.86	
	(7,514.86)	
Construction Work in Progress	100100	
Opening Stock	38,772.97	37,539.34
Less: Closing Stock	27,385.52	38,772.97
	11,387.45	(1,233.63
Total	3,872.58	(1,233.63

Note No: 26 Employee benefits expenses

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars %	Year ended 31st March, 2022	Year ended 31st March, 2021
Salaries, wages, bonus and allowances	741.13	552.85
Contribution to Provident & Other funds	39.89	26.38
Staff welfare expenses	22.43	6.83
Total	803,45	586.06



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No: 27 Finance cost

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2022	Year ended 31st March, 2021
Interest expense	4.342.01	4,055.28
Other borrowing cost	0.39	1.31
Total	4,342.40	4,056.60

(Rs. in Lakh)

tote No. 28 Depreciation and amortisation expense		(MSi III Calisti)	
Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2022	Year ended 31st March, 2021	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipments (Refer Note no. 4)	4.62	6.31	
Depreciation of investment property (Note no. 5)	15.05	15.05	
Total	19.67	21.35	

Note No: 29 Other Expenses

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	
	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021	
Advertisement & Marketing Expenses	47.88	45.02	
Professional & Consultancy Charges	96.92	86.15	
Director Sitting Fees	2.00	2.00	
Electricity Charges	29.32	25.69	
Printing & Stationary	3.72	1.87	
Rates & Taxes		12.09	
Rent	80.59	50.64	
Travelling & Conveyance	48.08	11.81	
ERP Implimenation Expenses	28.25		
Payment to auditor			
-For statutory audit	2.50	2.50	
-For Tax audit	1.25	1.25	
Business Promotion Expenses	44.62	67.39	
Brokerage & Commission	0.49	3.09	
Service Charges		14.11	
Telephone Expenses	8.75	5.13	
Repairs & Maintenance - Others		11.41	
Donation & Subcription	10.14	1 5 (14	
Legal Expenses	22.84	4.00	
Miscellaneous Expenses	(+1.46)		
Provision for Expected Credit Loss (Refer Note -10)	74.32		
Provision for Expected Credit Loss (Refer Note -7)	134.24		
Total	710.88	401.44	



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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No.: 30 Tax expense

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2022	Year ended 31st March, 2021
A. Amount recognised in profit or loss Current tax Deferred tax [Refer Note No. 9]		6.73 8.97
Total		15.70
B. Amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income Deferred Tax On items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Remeasurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	1.76	2.01
Total	1.76	2.01
Reconciliation of Tax Expense: Profit before tax Applicable tax rate	(5,377.75) 26%	43.11 19.24%
Computed tax expense	(1,398.22)	8.29
Adjustments for: Recognition of MAT Credit Other adjustments	-	8.97 0.45
Net adjustments		9.42
Tax Expense	(1,398.22)	17.71

Note No.: 31 Other Comprehensive Income

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2022	Year ended 31st March, 2021
Income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss -Remeasurment of Defined Benefit Plan	(6.78)	(7.74)
Less: Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	1.76	2.01
Total Other Comprehensive Income	(5.02)	(5.73)

Note No. : 32 Earnings Per Share

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2022	Year ended 31st March, 2021
Amount used as the numerator (Rs. In Lakh)		Videous was
Profit for the year - (A)	(5,377,75)	(778.39
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding used as the	Commission Commission II	
denominator for computing Basic Earnings Per Share - (B)	19,88,200.00	19,88,200.00
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding used as the		
denominator for computing Diluted Earnings Per Share - (C)	19,88,200.00	19,88,200.00
Nominal Value of equity shares (Rs.)	10	10
Basic Earnings Per Share (Rs.) (A/B)	(270.48)	(39.16
Diluted Earnings Per Share (Rs.) (A/C)	(270.48)	(39.16

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No.: 33 Other Disclosures

1. Contingent liabilities (to the extent not provided for)

(Rs. in lakh)

SI. No.	Particulars As at 31st March.	2022	As at 31st March, 2021	
NO.	Sist March,	2022	315t Waren, 2021	
A.	Contingent liabilities :			
(i)	Bank Guarantees	6.18	66.18	
(ii)	Income tax demand- under appeal 3	5.07	395.07	
(iii)		0.00	10.00	
	Total 4	1.25	471.25	
(iv)	No provisions for demand under the provisions of Income Tax Act, 1956 on account of default in payment of income tax of A.Y. 2011-12 aggregating to Rs. 395.07 lakh (Total demand Rs. 539.29 Lakh including interest of Rs. 265.30 Lakh and net of adjustment of refund pertaining to A.Y. 2010-11 Rs. 144.22 Lakh). Assessment for the A.Y. 2011-12 was done under section 148 and order was received in January, 2019. The balance demand is stayed as the Company has filed an appeal with Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals).			
	In an arbitration dispute between MFAR Construction Pvt. Ltd. ("Claimant") and the company, The Arbitration Tril			

2 Pursuant to the Joint Venture Agreement dated 11th December, 2000 ("the IV Agreement") between Asansol Durgapur Development Authority (ADDA) and Shristi Infrastructure Development Corporation Ltd. (SIDCL), the Company had entered into an Agreement for Development with ADDA on 5th July, 2004 ("the Development Agreement) for development of various projects in Asansol & Ranigunj. The Development Agreement was valid for a period of 7 years and envisaged completion of all projects within that time trame, subject to sanction of plans of the project within 6 months of submission, force majeure and other reasons beyond the Company's control. Subsequently, the Company and ADDA had entered into project wise supplemental development agreements on various dates for development of projects in a phased manner. The Company is in various stages of construction and obtaining necessary approvals for construction of projects covered by supplemental development agreements. The JV Agreement between ADDA and SIDCL did not provide for any time limit for completion of the projects. The Company has approached ADDA for extension of the Development Agreement, which is awaited. The Company has obtained a legal opinion that the date of sanction of the project plans would set limitation of 7 years for completion of the project. Accordingly, management believes that the Company has complied with the terms and conditions of the Development Agreement and the underlying supplemental development agreements.

3 Operating segment

The Company is primarily engaged in developing commercial and residential project. All the activities of the Company revolve around the main business. As such there are no separate reportable segments as per requirements of Accounting Standard (Ind AS- 108) on operating segment.

4 Employee Benefits:

As per Indian Accounting Standard - 19 " Employee Benefits", the disclosures of Employee Benefits are as follows:

a) Defined Contribution Plan:

Employee benefits in the form of Provident Fund and Employee State Insurance Corporation are considered as defined contribution plan.

The contributions to the respective fund are made in accordance with the relevant statute and are recognised as expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contribution. The contributions to defined contribution plan, recognised as expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss are as under:

(Rs. in lakh)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2022	Year ended 31st March, 2021
Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund	29.08	24 37
Employer's Contribution to Employees' State Insurance Scheme	0.50	0.1.

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No.: 33 Other Disclosures (Contd.)

b) Defined Benefit Plans/Long Term Compensated Absences:

Description of Plans

The gratuity plan is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Under the said Act, an employee who has completed five years of service is entitled to specific benefit. The Gratuity plan provides a lump sum payment to employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment. The level of benefits provided depends on the member's length of service and salary at retirement age etc.

Gratuity Benefits and Leave Encashment Benefits are unfunded in nature. The liabilities arising in the Defined Benefit Schemes are determined in accordance with the advice of independent, professionally qualified actuaries, using the projected unit credit method at the year end.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet for the said plan:

a) Details of unfunded post retirement plans are as follows:

(Rs. in lakh)

	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022		For the year ended 31st March, 2021	
		Gratuity	Leave encashment	Gratuity	Leave encashment
I.	Components of Employer Expense				
1.1	Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss:				
	Current service cost	7.06	3.89	5.99	8.12
	Net interest cost	4.58	2.84	4.35	2.66
	Expense recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	11.64	6.73	10.34	10.78
1.2	Remeasurements recognised in Other comprehensive income Actuarial gain / (loss) arising from:				
	- change in financial assumptions	(0.28)	(0.76)	0.90	0.37
	- changes in experience adjustments	(2.97)	(2.77)	(3.12)	(5.89
	Components of defined benefit costs recognised in Other comprehensive income	(3.25)	(3.53)	(2.22)	(5.52
	Total defined benefit cost recognised in Total comprehensive income	8.39	3.20	8.12	5.26



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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No.: 33 Other Disclosures (Contd.)

(Rs. in lakh)

					(Rs. in lakh
11.	Change in present value of defined benefit obligation:	As at 31st N	March, 2022	As at 31st	March, 2021
		Gratuity	Leave encashment	Gratuity	Leave encashment
	Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	66.37	41.15	62.21	37.9
	Interest expense	4.58	2.84	4.35	2.6
	Current service cost	7.06	3.89	5.99	8.1
	Benefits paid	(4.34)	(1.16)	(3.96)	(2.0
	- change in financial assumptions	(0.28)	(0.76)	0.90	0.3
	- changes in experience adjustments	(2.97)	(2.77)	(3.12)	(5.89
	Present value of Defined Benefit Obligation at the end of the year	70.42	43.18	66.37	41.15
Ш.	Net Asset / (Liability) recognised in Balance Sheet	As at 31st N	Aarch, 2022	As at 31st	March, 2021
		Gratuity	Leave encashment	Gratuity	Leave encashment
	Current Liability	3.44	2.02	3.32	1.96
	Non-Current Liability	66.98	41.16	63.04	39.19
IV.	Actuarial Assumptions :	As at 31st N	Aarch, 2022	As at 31st	March, 2021
		Gratuity	Leave encashment	Gratuity	Leave encashment
	Discount Rate (per annum) %	7.10%	7.10%	6.90%	6.90%
	Expected return on Plan Assets (per annum) %	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
	Expected Rate of Salary increase %	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%
	Retirement/Superannuation Age (Year)	60	60	60	6
	Mortality Rates	IALM 2012-2014 Ultimate	IALM 2012-2014 Ultimate	IALM 2012-2014 Ultimate	IALM 2012-201 Ultimat
V.	Best Estimate of Employers' Expected Contribution for the next year:	As at 31st N	1arch, 2022	As at 31st	March, 2021
	Gratuity		14.29		14.29
	Leave encashment		13.38		13.38
VI.	Maturity Profile of Projected Defined Benefit Obligation	Gratuity	Leave encashment	Gratuity	Leave encashment
	Expected cash flows (valued on undiscounted basis). Year 1	3.44	2 (12	1.42	1 44
	Year 2	0.49	4.02		1
	Year 3	11.41	7.06	12.81	7.8
	Year 4	5.41	2.86	14.01	
	Year 5	3.42	1.80	2.58	1,1
	Next 5 years	24.51	13.44	24.33	6.69
	Above 10 years			493.96	92.17
	The average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation at	5.33	5.17	6.50	5.18
	the end of the balance sheet date (in years)				
VII.	Sensitivity analysis on Present value of Defined Benefit Obli	gations:			
	Particulars	DBO as at 31s	t March, 2022	Electrical and the Control of the Co	st March, 2021
		Gratuity	Leave encashment	Gratuity	Leave encashment
	Discount rates		2000.000.0	529300	(28/10%)
	1% Increase	64.93	39.70	60.95	
	1% Increase 1% Decrease	64.93 76.69	2000.000.0	60.95 72.58	
	1% Increase 1% Decrease Expected rates of salary increases	76.69	39.70 47.20	72.58	45.14
	1% Increase 1% Decrease Expected rates of salary increases 1% Increase	76.69 75.42	39.70 47.20 47.42	72.58 71.31	45.14 45.35
	1% Increase 1% Decrease Expected rates of salary increases 1% Increase 1% Decrease	76.69	39.70 47.20	72.58	45.1- 45.3:
	1% Increase 1% Decrease Expected rates of salary increases 1% Increase 1% Decrease Withdrawal Rate	76.69 75.42 65.89	39.70 47.20 47.42 39.45	72.58 71.31 61.90	45.14 45.33 37.44
	1% Increase 1% Decrease Expected rates of salary increases 1% Increase 1% Decrease Withdrawal Rate 1% Increase	76.69 75.42 65.89 71.66	39.70 47.20 47.42 39.45 43.49	72.58 71.31 61.90 67.54	45.13 45.33 37.43
	1% Increase 1% Decrease Expected rates of salary increases 1% Increase 1% Decrease Withdrawal Rate 1% Increase 1% Decrease	76.69 75.42 65.89 71.66 69.02	39.70 47.20 47.42 39.45 43.49 42.85	72.58 71.31 61.90 67.54 65.04	45.13 45.33 37.43 41.40 40.85
	1% Increase 1% Decrease Expected rates of salary increases 1% Increase 1% Decrease Withdrawal Rate 1% Increase 1% Decrease The sensitivity analysis above has been determined based on a of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring as at the base	76.69 75.42 65.89 71.66 69.02 method that extrapolance sheet date.	39.70 47.20 47.42 39.45 43.49 42.85 olates the impact on	72.58 71.31 61.90 67.54 65.04 defined benefit ob	45.1- 45.3: 37.4: 41.4(40.8: digation as a result
	1% Increase 1% Decrease Expected rates of salary increases 1% Increase 1% Decrease Withdrawal Rate 1% Increase 1% Decrease The sensitivity analysis above has been determined based on a second of the sensitivity analysis above has been determined based on a second of the sensitivity analysis above has been determined based on a second of the sensitivity analysis above has been determined based on a second of the sensitivity analysis above has been determined based on a second of the sensitivity analysis above has been determined based on a second of the second of the sensitivity analysis above has been determined based on a second of the sensitivity analysis above has been determined based on a second of the	76.69 75.42 65.89 71.66 69.02 method that extrapolance sheet date.	39.70 47.20 47.42 39.45 43.49 42.85 olates the impact on	72.58 71.31 61.90 67.54 65.04 defined benefit ob	45.13 45.33 37.43 41.40 40.83 digation as a result
/III.	1% Increase 1% Decrease Expected rates of salary increases 1% Increase 1% Decrease Withdrawal Rate 1% Increase 1% Decrease The sensitivity analysis above has been determined based on a of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring as at the base of the same actuarial method.	76.69 75.42 65.89 71.66 69.02 method that extrapolance sheet date. as for the disclosed	39.70 47.20 47.42 39.45 43.49 42.85 olates the impact on present value of the	72.58 71.31 61.90 67.54 65.04 defined benefit of	45.13 45.33 37.43 41.40 40.83 digation as a result
7111.	1% Increase 1% Decrease Expected rates of salary increases 1% Increase 1% Decrease Withdrawal Rate 1% Increase 1% Decrease The sensitivity analysis above has been determined based on a of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring as at the base of the same actuarial method end.	76.69 75.42 65.89 71.66 69.02 method that extrapolance sheet date. as for the disclosed	39.70 47.20 47.42 39.45 43.49 42.85 plates the impact on present value of the	72.58 71.31 61.90 67.54 65.04 defined benefit of	45.14 45.33 37.43 41.40 40.87 digation as a result
√III.	1% Increase 1% Decrease Expected rates of salary increases 1% Increase 1% Decrease Withdrawal Rate 1% Increase 1% Decrease The sensitivity analysis above has been determined based on a of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring as at the by All sensitivities are calculated using the same actuarial method end. Experience adjustments on Present value of Defined Benefit C	76.69 75.42 65.89 71.66 69.02 method that extrapolance sheet date. as for the disclosed	39.70 47.20 47.42 39.45 43.49 42.85 plates the impact on present value of the	72.58 71.31 61.90 67.54 65.04 defined benefit of	45.14 45.35 37.45 41.40 40.87 Digation as a result Obligation at year March, 2021
VIII.	1% Increase 1% Decrease Expected rates of salary increases 1% Increase 1% Decrease Withdrawal Rate 1% Increase 1% Decrease The sensitivity analysis above has been determined based on a of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring as at the by All sensitivities are calculated using the same actuarial method end. Experience adjustments on Present value of Defined Benefit C	76.69 75.42 65.89 71.66 69.02 method that extrapolance sheet date. as for the disclosed Obligation and Pla As at 31st M	39.70 47.20 47.42 39.45 43.49 42.85 olates the impact on present value of the n Assets are as follot farch, 2022 Leave	72.58 71.31 61.90 67.54 65.04 defined benefit of e defined benefits of the second benefits	obligation at year

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No.: 33 Other Disclosures (Contd.)

Risks related to defined benefit plans:

The main risks to which the Company is exposed in relation to operating defined benefit plans are :

- i) Mortality risk: The assumptions adopted by the Company make allowances for future improvements in life expectancy. However, if life expectancy improves at a faster rate than assumed, this would result in greater payments from the plans and consequently increases in the plan's liabilities. In order to minimise this risk, mortality assumptions are reviewed on a regular basis.
- ii) Interest Rate Risk: The present value of Defined Benefit Plans liability is determined using the discount rate based on the market yields prevailing at the end of reporting period on Government bonds. A decrease in yields will increase the fund liabilities and vice-versa.
- iii) Salary cost inflation risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated with reference to the future salaries of participants under the Plan. Increase in salary due to adverse inflationary pressures might lead to higher liabilities.

Asset - liability management and funding arrangements

The trustees are responsible for determining the investment strategy of plan assets. The overall investment policy and strategy for Company's funded defined benefit plan is guided by the objective of achieving an investment return which, together with the contribution paid is sufficient to maintain reasonable control over various funding risks of the plan.

Other disclosures:

- i) The following are the assumptions used to determine the benefit obligation:
- a) Discount rate: The yield of government bonds are considered as the discount rate. The tenure has been considered taking into account the past long term trend of employees' average remaining service life which reflects the average estimated term of the post - employment benefit
- b) Rate of escalation in salary: The estimates of rate of escalation in salary, considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors including supply and demand in the employment market. The above information is certified by the actuary
- c) Attrition rate: Attrition rate considered is the management's estimate based on the past long-term trend of employee turnover in the
- ii) The Gratuity and Provident Fund expenses have been recognised under "Contribution to Provident and Other Funds" and Leave Encashment under "Salaries and Wages" under Note No. 26.

6 Details of Loan, guarantee and Investments covered under section 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013:

Loans given has been disclosed in Note No. 13 of the financial statement and the same has been provided for business purposes. The Company has neither given any guarantee, security nor made any investment during the year.

Information in accordance with the requirements of the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 115) on 'Revenue From Contract With Customers' specified under the Act.

31st March, 2	31st March, 2022	Types of good or service
8 4,0	6,285 78	Development and sale of real estate projects
7	77.67	Development and sale of real estate projects Others
15 4,0	6,363.45	Total Revenue from contract with customers
3.4	6,36	Total Revenue from contract with customers

Timing of transfer of goods or services	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
Goods transferred at a point in time		
Goods transferred over time	2.1	
Services transferred at a point in time	6,363.45	4,086.1
Services transferred over time		•
Total Revenue from contract with customers	6,363.45	4,086.1

(c)	Contract Balances	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
300	Trade Receivables (Refer Note 7(ii))	160.65	377.94
	Contract Liabilities (Refer Note 21)	13,156.86	8,822.96

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(Rs. in lakh)

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No.: 33 Other disclosures (contd..)

8 Related party disclosures

a) Name of the related parties and description of relationship :

i) Subsidiary Company:

1. Shristi Lifestyle & Entertainment Limited

(Control exists)

2. Durgapur Cineplex Ltd. (Formerly Shristi Cineplex Ltd)

ii) Joint Venture:

1. Asansol Durgapur Development Authority

2. Shristi Infrastructure Development Corporation Ltd.

iii) Key Management Personnel (KMP):

1.Mr Sahil Surendra Saharia

2.Mr Abinash Singh

3.Mr Sidharth Burnwal

b) Transactions with Related parties:

(Rs. in lakh)

b) Transactions wit	Subsidia	ary Companies	Joint Ve	entures		KMP		
Particulars	Shristi Lifestyle & Entertainment Ltd.	Durgapur Cineplex Ltd.	Asansol Durgapur Development Authority	Shristi Infrastructure Development Corporation Ltd.	Sahil Surendra Saharia	Abinash Singh	Sidharth Burnwal	Total
nterest on loan		-		179.18				179.18
meresi on roun	(-)	(-)	(35.73)	(115.69)				(151.42)
Loans given	-	-	-	3,564.00				3,564.00
Loans given	(-)	(3.60)	(-)	(320.29)				(323.89)
Loan Refunded	- 17	9.00		107.01				116.01
Man Keranded	(-)		179.82	(264.67)	-			(84.85)
oans Taken	-	_	(4)					
	(-)	4	(-)	(-)	-			
Refund of loans given	-	-	-	-				
O		(-)	(-)	(-)	2			10.00
Reimbursement of		-		-	9.36	1.18	0.15	10.69
Expenses	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(9.28)	(0.67)	(-)	(9.95)
Salary					36.63	4.65	0.61	41.89
January .	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(36.83)	(1.17)	(-)	(38.00)

Balance outstanding as at the year end:

Balance outstanding a		ary Companies	Joint Vo	entures		KMP		
Particulars	Shristi Lifestyle & Entertainment Ltd.	Durgapur Cineplex Ltd.	Asansol Durgapur Development Authority	Shristi Infrastructure Development Corporation Ltd.	Sahil Surendra Saharia	Abinash Singh	Sidharth Burnwal	Total
			157.93	-	-			157.93
oan taken		0.00	(157.93)					(157.93)
	(-)	1.01	Armen's	3,666.26				3,713.23
Loan Given	42.03	4.94		(34.16)				(90.13)
	(42.03)	(13.94)	*	(34.10)				316.02
Interest accrued on Ioan Given			316.02	(107.01)				(423.03)
			a (310.02)	1	0.78	-	0.12	0.90
Unpaid Reimbursement			_		(0.77)	(0.14)	-	(0.91)
A STATE OF THE STA					2.75	-	0.48	3.23
Unpaid Salary					(2.56)	(0.49)	-	(3.05)

c) The transactions with related parties have been entered at an amount which are not materially different from those on normal commercial terms.

d) The amounts outstanding are unsecured and will be settled in cash. No guarantees have been given or received. No expense has been recognised in current year and previous year for bad or doubtful debts in respect of the amounts owed by related parties.

e) Figures in brackets () represents figures for year ended 31st March, 2021.

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No.: 33 Other disclosures (contd.)

12 Additional Regulatory Information required by Schedule III

(i) Borrowing secured against current assets

The Company has borrowings in the form of term loan. The same has been secured by way of first charge on all the assets of the company. [Refer note no- 17 (i)].

(ii) Wilful defaulter

The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

(iii) Relationship with struck off companies

The Company has not entered into any transactions with the companies struck off under the Companies Act, 2013 or the Companies Act, 1956 (evidence pending).

(iv) Compliance with number of layers of companies

There is no non-compliance with regard to the number of layers of companies prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

(v) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements

The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.

(vi) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person or entity, including foreign entity (Intermediary) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

- a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other person or entity identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall:

- a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other person or entity identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

(vii) Undisclosed income

The company has not surrendered or disclosed any income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

(viii) Corporate Social Responsibility

The Company is not covered under section 135 of the companies Act 2013 and rules made thereunder.

(ix) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

(x) Valuation of PP&E, intangible asset and investment property

The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment, intangible asset and investment property during the current year and previous year

(xi) Benami Property

No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made therunder.

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(xii) Financial Ratios

Ratio	Numerator (a)	Denominator (b)	Current Year		Variance %
Current Ratio (in times)	Total current assets	Total current liabilities	2.60	3.04	-14.65%
Debt-Equity ratio (in times)	Debt consist of borrowing	Total equity	(3.03)	(7.38)	-59.01%
Earning for debt service (i.e. Net Profit after		Debt service (i.e. interest + principal repayment)	(0.82)	1.80	-145.15%
Return on Equity Ratio	Net Profit after taxes	Average Shareholder's Equity	81.86%	22.34%	266.49%
Inventory turnover ratio (in times)	Revenue from operations	Average Inventory	0.17	0.11	61.03%
Trade receivables turnover ratio (in times)	Net credit sales	Average accounts receivables	18.92	11.70	61.63%
Trade payables turnover ratio (in times)	Net credit purchases	Average accounts payable	2.82	1.06	165.91%
Net capital turnover ratio (in times)	Revenue from operations	Average working capital*	0.25	0.15	66.92%
Net profit ratio (in %)	Profit for the year	Revenue from operations	-84.51%	-19.05%	343.52%
Return on capital employed (in %)	Profit before tax and finance costs	Capital employed = Networth	15.76%	-94.50%	-116.68%
Return on Investments (in %)	Income generated from invested funds	Average invested funds	1.75%	0.00%	NA

Reasons For Deviation more than 25% from previous financial year:

1) Debt-Equity ratio (in times)	Change in Other Equity due to prior period adjustments made retrospectively in Retained earning & Statement of Profit & Loss for FY 2019-20 & 2020-21
2) Debt service coverage ratio (in times)	Finance cost has been retrsopectively changed to compounding rate instead of simple interest method
3) Return on Equity Ratio	Change in Other Equity due to prior period adjustments made retrospectively in Retained earning & Statement of Profit & Loss for FY 2019-20 & 2020-21
4)Inventory turnover ratio (in times)	Due to change in Prior period adjustments in Inventory valuation
5) Trade receivables turnover ratio (in times)	Due to increased provisioning for credit losses made in the current FY 2021-22
6) Trade Payables turnover ratio (in times)	Due to reduction in outstanding Trade Payables
7) Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Due to increase in the Turnover in FY 2021-22 as compared to FY 2020-21
8) Net profit ratio (in %)	Due to increase in expenses and inventory holding, resulting in increased losses

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13 Other regulatory Information

(i) Title deeds of immovable properties not held in name of the company

The title deeds of all the immovable properties are duly executed in the name of the company.

(ii) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

the following charges are appearing as open with the Registrar of Companies.

Asset under charge	Charge Amount (Rs.)	Date of Creation	
Immovable property or any interest therein	20.00		27-08-2004
Pledge over shares	550.00		05-06-2017

(iii) Utilisation of borrowings availed from banks and financial institutions

The Company has not utilised the borrowings from Banks for any purpose other than those mentioned in the sanction terms.

(iv) Loans or Advances to promoters, directors, KMPs and other related parties

The Company has granted loans or advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person.

Type Of Borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding (As at 31st March 2022)	Percentage to the total Loans and Advances in the nature of loan (Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding (As at 31st March 2021)	Percentage to the total Loans and Advances in the nature of loan
Promoter				
Director	-		5	
KMPSs	-			
Related Parties	46.97	1%	55.97	18%



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No.: 33 Other disclosures (contd.)

- 9 Financial Instruments Accounting, Classification and Fair Value Measurements
- A. Financial instruments by category

As at 31st March, 2022

(Rs. in lakh)

SI.	Particulars	Refer Note	Total Fair Value		Carryin	g value	
No.		No.		Amortized cost	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Total
(1)	Financial assets						
(a)	Investment	6	175.00	175.00	1		175.00
(b)	Trade receivables	7	160.65	160.65	2	-	160.65
(c)	Cash and cash equivalents	12	942.71	942.71	-	-	942.71
(d)	Loans	13	3,936.14	3,936.14	-	41	3,936.14
(e)	Other financial assets	8	82.92	82.92	-	-	82.92
	Total		5,297.43	5,297.43		-	5,297.43
(2)	Financial liabilities						
(a)	Borrowings	16	28,026.24	28,026.24		*	28,026.24
(b)	Trade payables	18	883.61	883.61		-	883.61
(c)	Other financial liabilities	19	1,157.30	1,157.30	-	-	1,157.30
	Total		30,067.16	30,067.16	±.	-	30,067.16

As at 31st March, 2021

(Rs. in lakh)

SI.	Particulars	Refer Note	Total Fair Value		g value		
No.		No.		Amortized cost	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Total
(1)	Financial assets						
(a)	Investment	6	175.00	175.00		1	175.00
(b)	Trade receivables	7	320.38	320.38	-	*	320.38
(c)	Cash and cash equivalents	12	128.87	128.87		-	128.87
(d)	Loans	13	108.97	108.97	*	-	108.97
(e)	Other financial assets	8	86.02	86.02	-	-	86.02
	Total		819.24	819.24	-	•	819.24
(2)	Financial liabilities						
(a)	Borrowings	* 16	28,842.25	28,842.25	-	20	28,842.25
(b)	Trade payables	18	1,986.02	1,986.02	*	**	1,986.02
(c)	Other financial liabilities	19	2,734.13	2,734.13	-	•	2,734.13
	Total		33,562.40	33,562.40	-	-	33,562.40

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No.: 33 Other disclosures (contd.)

B. Fair value hierarchy

The fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Fair value of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, loans and other current financial assets, short term borrowings from body corporates, trade payables and other current financial liabilities is considered to be equal to the carrying amounts of these items due to their short-term nature.

Where such items are Non-current in nature, the same has been classified as Level 3 and fair value determined using adjusted net asset value method. Similarly, unquoted equity instruments where most recent information to measure fair value is insufficient, or if there is a wide range of possible fair value measurements, cost has been considered as the best estimate of fair value.

There has been no change in the valuation methodology for Level 3 inputs during the year. The Company has not classified any material financial instruments under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as at 31st March, 2021 Nil (31st March, 2020 Nil).

10 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under financial instrument or a customer contract leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposure to credit risk from its operating activities primarily trade receivables and security deposit with exchanges and from its financing activities including deposits placed with bank and other financial instruments/assets. Credit risk from balances with bank and other financial instrument is managed in accordance with company's policies.

Credit risk arising from balances with banks and other cash equivalents is limited and no collaterals are held against these because the counterparties are banks and recognised financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by credit rating agencies.

Loans and other financial assets measured at amortized cost includes loans to related parties, security deposits and others. Credit risk related to these financial assets are managed by monitoring the recoverability of such amounts continuously, while at the same time internal control system is in place to ensure that the amounts are within defined limits.

Customer credit risk is managed as per company's established policy, procedure and control related to credit risk management. Credit quality of the customer is assessed based on his previous track record and funds & securities held by him in his account and individual credit limit are defined according to this assessment. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. An impairment analysis is performed at each balance sheet date on an individual basis for major clients. In addition, a large number of minor receivables are grouped into homogenous groups and assessed for impairment collectively. Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The Company continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. Recoveries made are recognized in statement of profit and loss. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the balance sheet date is the carrying value of each class of financial assets.

The Company assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets. The Company provides for expected credit loss on Cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, investments, loans, trade receivables and other financial assets based on 12 months expected credit loss/life time expected credit loss/ fully provided for. Life time expected credit loss is provided for trade receivables.

Expected credit loss for trade receivables under simplified approach

In respect of trade receivables, the Company considers provision for lifetime expected credit loss. Given the nature of business operations, the Company's trade receivables has low credit risk. Further, historical trends indicate any shortfall between such deposits held by the Company and amounts due from customers have been negligible. Hence, no loss allowances using life time expected credit loss mode is required.

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No.: 33 Other disclosures (contd.)

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the company will not be able to settle or meet its obligation on time or at reasonable price. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due. Due to the nature of the business, the Company maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed facilities. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the entity operates.

The tables below summarises the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities.

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
As at 31st March, 2022				
Borrowings (excluding interest)	678.24	-	27,348.00	28,026.24
Trade payables	883.61	-	-	883.61
Other financial liabilities	1,157.30	-	-	1,157.30
Total	2,719.16	-	27,348.00	30,067.16
As at 31st March, 2021				
Borrowings (excluding interest)	1,280.98		27,348.00	28,628.98
Trade payables	1,308.79	-	-	1,308.79
Other financial liabilities	1,849.02	-	-	1,849.02
Total	4,438.79	-	-	31,786.79

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of change in market prices. Market rate risk comprises of currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk such as equity price risk and commodity risk.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk of impact related to fair value of future cash flows if an exposure in foreign currency, which fluctuate due to change in foreign currency rate. The Company has no international transactions and is not exposed to foreign exchange risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of change in market interest rate.

i) Liabilities

The Company's fixed rate borrowings are carried at amortised cost. They are, therefore, not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind-AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

The Company has no variable rate borrowings. (Refer note no 17(i))

ii) Assets

The company's fixed deposits, interest bearing security deposits and loans are carried at fixed rate. Therefore, these are not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instrument will fluctuate due to change in market traded price.

The Company's exposure to price risk arises from investments held and classified as FVTPL. To manage the price risk arising from investments in mutual funds, the Company diversifies its portfolio of assets.

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements (Contd..)

Note No.: 33 Other disclosures (contd.)

11 Capital Management

Risk management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, securities premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity share-holders of the Company. The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns to shareholders and other stake holders and maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of Capital.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in the financial condition and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders (buy back its shares) or issue new shares.

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. The Company has complied with these covenants.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year-ended 31st March, 2022 and 31st March, 2021.

(Rs. in lakh)

Particulars		31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
Net debt		26,315.99 (9,260.51)	28,985.49 (3,877.74)
Total equity Net debt to equity ratio	*	(2.84)	

^{*} Net debt = non-current borrowings + current borrowings + current maturities of non-current borrowings + interest accrued – cash and cash equivalents.

12 In the context of ongoing COVID' 19 pandemic, the Company has made detailed assessment of its liquidity position and the recoverability and carrying values of its assets comprising Property, Plant and Equipment, Trade receivables and Inventory as on 31st March 2022, and has concluded that there are no material adjustments required in the financial statements.

Based on facts and circumstances existing as on 31st March 2022, the Company does not anticipate any material uncertainties which may affect its ability to continue as a going concern.

The impact of the global health pandemic may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements and the Company will continue to closely monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

13 The previous year's have been reworked, regrouped, rearranged and reclassified wherever necessary. Amounts and other disclosures for the preceding year are included as an integral part of the current year financial statements and are to be read in relation to the amounts and other disclosures relating to the current year.

As per our report of even date attached.

For Saraf & Chandra LLP

Chartered Accountants

LLPIN: AAL-5216 Firm's Registration No. 31509@E/E300027

(CA. Subhash Chandra Saraf)

Partner

Membership No. 052244

Place of Signature: Kolkata

Date: 08-12-2022

UDM: 22052244 BF1 QPD 9309

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Bengal Shristi Infrastructure Development Limited

Sahil Surendra Saharia Chief Executive Officer

Company Secretary

Liner Executive Officer

Sidharth Burnwal

Braja Bihari Mohapatra Director

Sunil Jha
Director

DIN 00085667